

Water & Wastewater

Technical specification

ENM-10 Level regulator



Engineered for life

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The simplest possible method for level control! A mechanical switch in a plastic casing, freely suspended at the desired height from its own cable. When the liquid level reaches the regulator, the casing will tilt and the mechanical switch will close or break the circuit, thereby starting or stopping a pump or actuating an alarm device. No wear, no maintenance! In sewage pumping stations, for ground water and drainage pumping — in fact, for most level control applications — the ENM-10 is the ideal solution.

The regulator casing is made of polypropylene and the cable is sheathed with a special PVC compound. The plastic components are welded and screwed together. Adhesive is never used. Impurities and deposits will not adhere to the smooth casing.

This level regulator is available in different versions, depending upon the medium in which it is to be used. As standard, the regulator can be obtained with 6, 13, 20, 30 or 50 metres (20, 42, 65, 100 or 167 feet) of cable for liquids with specific density between 0.95 and 1.10 g/cm³; for other specific densities, the regulator is only available with 20 metres (65 ft) of cable. The regulator can withstand up to 60° C (140°F).

Dimensions

For density g/cm ³	Regulator length mm (in)	Diameter mm (in)
0.65—0.80	194 (7 ¹⁰ / ₁₆)	100 (4)
0.80—0.95	177 (7)	100 (4)
0.95—1.10	162 (6 ³/ ₈)	100 (4)
1.05—1.20	142 (5 ⁹ / ₁₆)	100 (4)
1.20—1.30	133 (5 ¹ / ₄)	100 (4)
1.30—1.40	130 (5 ²/ ₁₆)	100 (4)
1.40—1.50	126 (5)	100 (4)

Technical data

min. 0°C (32°F) max. 60°C (140°F)				
min. 0.65 g/cm ³ max. 1.5 g/cm ³				
IP68, 20 m (65 ft)				
AC, resistive load, 250V 10 AC, inductive load, 250V 3, $\cos \varphi = 0.5$ DC, 30V 5A				

Note that local regulations may limit the voltage.

Approvals:

CSA, CE, SEMKO, NEMKO, DEMCO

Approved according to EN61058

Weight:

approx. 2 kg (4.5 lb) for a standard density regulator with 20 m cable.

Materials

Body: Bending relief: Cable: polypropylene EPDM rubber special compound PVC or NBR/PVC nitrile/PVC rubber



CHEMICAL RESISTANCE LIST

The liquid in which level regulation is practiced most frequently is, of course, water. Of the millions of regulators in use all over the world today, it is estimated that nine out of ten work in water.

However, with a float body of polypropylene, a cable of PVC or NBR/PVC nitrile/PVC rubber and a bending relief of EPDM rubber, the ENM-10 is virtually insensitive to many aggressive liquids.

The table shows how resistant the ENM-10 equipped with either PVC or NBR/PVC nitrile/PVC rubber cable, is to different chemicals at two different temperatures. The classification is broken down into the following categories:

0 = No effect, 1 = Minor to moderate and 2 = Severe effect. The sign — means that information is not available.

Keep in mind also that the density of the liquid determines the bouyancy of the regulator. The ENM-10 is made for seven different densities. See page 2.

Always observe local regulations: Take particular note of: • risk of fire/explosion

· hygiene requirements

Acids	PVC c	able	NBR/P nitrile/l rubber (VC PVC cable	Salts	PVC c	able	NBR/P nitrile/ rubber	PVC PVC cable	Solvents and miscellaneous	PVC o	able	NBR/F nitrile rubber	PVC /PVC cable
	20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)	20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)		20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)	20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)		20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)	20°C (68°F)	60°C (140°F)
Acetic Acid 50%	1	2	0	0	Aluminium Chloride	0	0	0	0	Aceton	2	2	2	2
Acetic Acid 75%	2	2	0	0	Calcium Sulphate	0	0	0	0	Aniline	2	2	1	2
Benzoic Acid	2	2	0	0	Calcium Chloride	0	0	0	0	Benzene	2	2	2	2
Boric Acid 5%	0	—	0	0	Calcium Nitrate	0	0	0	0	Butyl Alcohol	2	2	0	1
Butyric Acid	2	2	2	2	Copper Chloride	0	0	0	0	Carbon Tetrachloride	2	2	2	2
Chromic Acid 10%	0	2	2	2	Copper Sulphate	0	0	0	0					
Citric Acid	0	1	0	0	Ferric Chloride	0	0	0	0	Chlorobenzene	2	2	2	2
Hydrobromic					Ferrous Sulphate	0	0	0	0	Chloroform	2	2	2	2
Acid 5%	1	2	0	0	Magnesium Chloride	0	0	0	0	Ethyl Alcohol	2	2	0	1
Hydrochloric					Potassium Sulphate	0	0	0	0	Ethyl Ether	2	2	2	2
Acid 10%	0	1	0	1	•					Ethyl Acetate	2	2	2	2
Hydrochloric					Potassium Nitrate	0	0	0	0					
Acid 37%	1	2	0	2	Potassium					Ethylene Dichloride	2	2	2	2
					Carbonate	1	1	1	1	Ethylene Chloride	2	2	2	2
Hydrocyanic					Potassium					Formaldehyde 37%	1	2	0	0
Acid 10%	0	0	1	2	Bicarbonate	0	0	0	0	Gasoline	2	2	2	2
Hydrofluoric										Kerosene	2	2	2	2
Acid 5%	0	2	0	1	Sodium Sulphate	0	0	0	0					
Hypochloric Acid	1	2	2	2	Sodium Chloride	0	0	0	0	Methyl Alcohol	2	2	0	0
Maleic Acid	2	2	2	2	Sodium Nitrate	0	0	0	0	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2	2	2	2
Nitric Acid 5%	1	1	1	1	Sodium Bicarbonate	0	0	0	0	Methylene Chloride	2	2	2	2
					Sodium Carbonate	0	0	0	0	Nitrobenzene	2	2	2	2
Nitric Acid 65%	2	2	2	2						Phenol	2	2	2	2
Oleic Acid	1	2	2	2	Tin Chloride	1	1	1	1					
Oxalic Acid 50%	1	1	1	2	Zinc Sulphate	0	0	0	0	Toluene	2	2	2	2
Phosphoric					Zinc Chloride	0	0	0	0	Trichlorethylene	2	2	2	2
Acid 25%	0	0	1	2						Turpentine	2	2	2	2
Phosphoric					Oils					Xylene	2	2	2	2
Acid 85%	0	0	1	2	••									
		0		0	Castor Oil	1	1	1	1	0				
Suphuric Acid 10%		2		2	Cocoanut Oil	0	_	0	2	Gases				
Sulphuric Acid 78%	2	2	2	2	Corn Oil	2	2	2	2	Oashan Diswida	0	0	0	
Tannic Acid	0	0	0	0	Diesel Oil	2	2	2	2	Carbon Dioxide	0	0	0	0
Tartaric Acid	1	1	1	1						Carbon Monoxide	0	0	0	0
Deese					Linseed Oil	2	2	2	2	Chiorine (wet)	2	2	2	2
Bases					Mineral Oils	2	2	2	2			0		'
Ammonium					Olive Oil	1	1	1	1		1	1	2	2
Animonium				0	Silicone Oils	0	0	0	U	(wet)		I	2	2
				0										
Potassium		U		U										
Hydroxide	1	2	0	0										
Sodium Hydroxide	1	2	0	0										

0 = No effect, 1 = Minor to moderate, 2 = Severe effect. — = No information available.

Wiring alternative

To conform to local regulations, the level regulators are normally connected through a transformer to a low-tension control circuit. Two regu-lators are used — one for starting and one for stopping. A third regulator can be connected if an alarm is required at a given level. Identical regulators can be used for all functions. 

Let the level drop . . .



Start

Stop

... to the lowest permissible point.



Stop

Start

The regulator will then react . . .



... so the process is reversed.











. . . in the opposite fashion.

The manufacturers reserve the right to alter performance specification or design without notice.



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ITT Water & Wastewater AB SE-174 87 Sundbyberg Sweden Tel. +46-8-475 60 00 Fax +46-8-475 69 00